

# Create Your Plate

Often, when people are diagnosed with diabetes, they don't know where to begin. One way is to change the amount of food you are already eating. Creating your plate is an easy way to get started with managing blood glucose levels.



You don't need any special tools or have to do any counting. It's simple and effective — draw an imaginary line on your plate, select your foods, and enjoy your meal! You may have heard of this as the “Plate Method.” Once you've changed your portion sizes, you can work on making healthier food choices from each food group.

## **The easiest way to get started with managing your diabetes is to create your plate.**

It's simple and effective for both managing diabetes and losing weight. Creating your plate lets you still choose the foods you want, but changes the portion sizes so you are getting larger portions of non-starchy vegetables and a smaller portion of starchy foods. When you are ready, you can try new foods within each food category.

Try these 6 simple steps to get started:

1. Using your dinner plate, put a line down the middle of the plate.
2. Then on one side, cut it again so you will have 3 sections on your plate.
3. Fill the largest section with non-starchy vegetables such as:
  - spinach, carrots, lettuce, greens, cabbage
  - green beans, broccoli, cauliflower, tomatoes,
  - vegetable juice, salsa, onion, cucumber, beets
  - mushrooms, peppers, turnip



4. Now in one of the small sections, put starchy foods such as:

- whole grain breads, such as whole wheat or rye
- whole grain, high-fiber cereal
- cooked cereal (oatmeal, grits, cream of wheat)
- rice, pasta, dal, tortillas
- cooked beans & peas (pinto beans, black-eyed peas)
- potatoes, green peas, corn, lima beans, sweet potatoes, winter squash
- low-fat crackers and snack chips, pretzels, and fat-free popcorn

5. Then on the other small section, put your meat or meat substitutes such as:

- chicken or turkey without the skin
- fish such as tuna, salmon, cod, or catfish
- other seafood such as shrimp, clams, oysters, crab, or mussels
- lean cuts of beef and pork such as sirloin or pork loin
- tofu, eggs, low-fat cheese

6. Add an 8 oz glass of non-fat or low-fat milk. If you don't drink milk, you can add another small serving of carb such as a 6 oz. container of light yogurt or a small roll.

7. And a piece of fruit or a 1/2 cup fruit salad and you have your meal planned. Examples are fresh, frozen, or canned in juice or frozen in light syrup or fresh fruit



### **Breakfast**

Your plate will look different at breakfast but the idea is the same. If you use a plate or bowl for breakfast, keep your portions small. Use half your plate for starchy foods. You can add fruit in the small part and a meat or meat substitute in the other.